
**COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF ALGAL COMMUNITIES IN
POLLUTED WATER BODIES OF MARATHWADA, MAHARASHTRA**

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Article Received: 26 June 2026, Article Revised: 16 July 2026, Published on: 03 August 2026

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Doi: <https://doi-doi.org/101555/ijarp.1570>**ABSTRACT**

In present investigation six different polluted sites of Renapur city were selected for collection of water and algal samples at monthly intervals from March 2024 to February 2025. The quantitative and qualitative study of four groups of algae viz. Chlorophyceae, Cyanophyceae, Bacillariophyceae and Euglenophyceae was made for a years. Palmer's pollution indices were calculated for assessing the organic pollution of six selected polluted sites of Renapur city. All indices of pollution with relation to algae hold good for assessing the water quality of these sites. At all the selected sites 38 pollution tolerant genera were recorded. By using Palmer's index for rating of water samples as high or low organically polluted sites were examined. The total score of each site was greater than 20, indicating the confirmed high organic pollution, thus, algal communities were used as indicators of organic pollution of selected sites in present study.

KEYWORDS: Algae, Pollution, Palmers index, Renapur city, Marathwada region, Maharashtra.

INDRODUCTION

Algae are natural inhabitants of water. It is an important group of plant organism. Algae are involved in water pollution in number of significant ways. They may be discouraged from growing as a result of being deprived of sunlight; the substances may be toxic or may ecologically modify the physical or chemical environment sufficiently to retard or prevent growth and multiply. A change may also occur in the individual types or groups of organism, since algae may also form blooms. The total algae population may be increased or decreased.

The oxygen production and utilization of nutrient substances by algae may be greatly modified and algae may change the colour, odour or taste of the water.

As in Maharashtra state very few workers have paid attention on ecology of algae with relation to water pollution (Gunale and Balkrishnan, 1978; Pingale, 1981; Patil and Nandan, 1994; Jagdale 1987; Trivedi1990; More and Nandan, 2000.), to fulfill this lacuna it was thought worth to study the water pollution of six different polluted sites of Renapur city in the Marathwada region of Maharashtra (India).

MATERIALS AND METHIDS

The six different polluted sites of Renapur city were selected for the investigation. Renapur city is located at coordinates 18.52704°N latitude and 76.59537° E longitude in the Latur district of Marathwada region of Maharashtra, India, sitting about just 15 km away from the Latur city. The samples of water and algae were collected at monthly intervals from six selected sites of Renapur city. The analysis of water samples, for physicochemical parameters were followed according to APHA (1975). A quantitative and qualitative study of 4 groups of algae was made. The pollution tolerant genera were recorded for six selected sites. The assessment of water quality of six sites each of these sites was made by algal communities.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The pollution tolerant genera and species of four groups of algae from six sites each of these sites are listed in descending order according to Palmer (1969). In present study 32 pollution tolerant species of algae and 23 pollution tolerant species of algae from six sites were observed (Table 1 & 2). The pollution tolerant species of *Oscillatoria* were recorded more in present investigation as com-pared to the species of *Navicula* (Table-2). By using Palmer's index of pollution for rating of water samples as high or low organically polluted at six sites were tested. The results are as shown in Table-3. Out of 20 genera, 19, 17, and 16 genera were observed at sites S-I, S-II, S-III respectively (Table-3). Likewise out of 20 genera 17, 16, and 15 genera were observed at Sites IV- V and S-VI respectively (Table-3). The degree of organic pollution was to decrease from station S-1 onwards. The total score of each station was greater than 20 indicating the confirmed high organic pollution. Palmer (1969) has shown that genera like *Euglena*, *Microcystis*, *Oscillatoria*, *Navicula*, *Nitzschia*, *Scenedesmus* etc. are the species found in organically polluted waters supported by Goel (1986). Similar genera are recorded in the present investigation. In the present study blooms of *Microcystis aeruginosa* was observed in late summer. Palmer (1969) suggested that algae are reliable

indicators of water pollution as it was true in present study. The degree of organic pollution was increased at S-I site and S-IV site. *Oscillatoria* and *Euglena* were recorded at S-I and S-IV indicating the highest degree of pollution. The similar observations were encountered by Hosmani and Bharti (1980), Trivedi (1988), and More and Nandan (2000).

Table.1. Pollution tolerant genera of algae from six stations each of Renapur city in order of decreasing emphasis. (Palmer-1969)

Sr.No.	Genus	Group	Total points	Renapur city selected sites			Renapur city selected sites		
				S-I	S-II	S-III	S-IV	S-V	S-VI
1	Euglena	F	172	+	+	+	+	-	-
2	Oscillatoria	B	171	+	+	+	+	+	+
3	Scenedesmus	G	112	+	+	+	+	+	+
4	Chlorella	G	103	+	+	+	-	+	-
5	Nitzschia	D	98	+	+	+	+	+	+
6	Navicula	D	92	+	+	+	+	+	+
7	Synedra	D	58	+	+	-	+	+	+
8	Ankistrodesmus	G	57	+	+	-	+	+	-
9	Phacus	F	57	+	+	+	+	+	+
10	Phormidium	B	52	+	+	+	+	+	+
11	Melosira	D	50	+	+	+	+	+	+
12	Gomphonema	D	48	+	+	+	+	+	+
13	Cyclotella	D	47	+	+	-	-	+	+
14	Closterium	G	45	+	+	+	+	+	+
15	Pandorina	G	42	+	-	-	-	-	+
16	Microcystis	B	39	-	-	+	+	-	+
17	Spirogyra	G	37	+	+	+	+	+	+
18	Anabaena	D	36	-	-	-	+	+	-
19	Pediastrum	G	35	+	+	+	+	+	+
20	Trachelomonas	F	34	-	+	+	-	+	-
21	Fragillaria	D	33	+	+	+	+	+	+
22	Ulothrix	G	33	+	-	+	-	-	-
23	Suriella	D	33	+	+	-	+	+	+
24	Lyngbya	B	28	+	+	+	+	+	+
25	Oocystis	B	28	+	-	+	+	-	+
26	Spirulina	B	25	+	+	-	-	-	-
27	Cymbella	B	24	+	+	+	-	+	+
28	Coelastrum	G	24	-	-	+	+	+	-
29	Cladophora	G	24	-	+	-	-	-	+
30	Hantzschia	D	21	+	-	-	-	-	-
31	Achnanthes	D	19	-	+	+	+	-	-
32	Pinellaria	D	18	-	+	+	-	+	+
33	Cocconeis	D	17	+	+	-	+	-	-
34	Cosmarium	G	17	+	+	+	+	+	+
35	Gonium	G	16	+	-	-	-	-	-

36	Stauroneis	D	16	+	-	-	-	-	-
37	Selanastrum	G	15	+	+	-	-	-	+
38	Crucigenia	G	14	-	+	+	-	+	+

Group: B: Blue greens, D: Diatoms, G: Green, E: Euglena

Table 2: Pollution tolerant genera of algae from six sites of Renapur city in order of decreasing emphasis. (Palmer-1969)

Sr.No.	Algal species	Group	Total points	Renapur city selected sites			Renapur city selected sites		
				S-I	S-II	S-III	S-IV	S-V	S-VI
1	<i>Nitzschia palea</i>	D	45	+	+	-	+	+	-
2	<i>Oscillatoria limoa</i>	B	42	+	-	+	+	+	-
3	<i>Scenedesmus quadricauda</i>	G	41	+	+	+	+	+	+
4	<i>Oscillatoria tenuis</i>	B	40	+	+	+	-	-	-
5	<i>Synedra ulna</i>	D	33	+	+	+	+	-	+
6	<i>Pandorina morum</i>	G	30	+	-	-	-	-	+
7	<i>Chlorella vulgaris</i>	G	29	+	+	+	-	+	-
8	<i>Cyclotella meneghiniana</i>	D	27	-	+	+	-	+	+
9	<i>Navicula cryptocephala</i>	D	25	-	+	+	-	-	+
10	<i>Oscillatoria princeps</i>	B	24	-	+	-	+	+	-
11	<i>Gomphonema parvulum</i>	D	23	+	+	-	-	-	+
12	<i>Oscillatoria chalybeanema</i>	B	22	+	+	-	-	-	-
13	<i>Closterium acerosum</i>	G	21	-	+	-	+	+	+
14	<i>Scenedesmus obliquas</i>	B	20	+	-	-	-	-	+
15	<i>Oscillatoria formosa</i>	B	19	-	-	+	-	-	-
16	<i>Phacus pyrum</i>	F	18	+	-	-	-	-	-
17	<i>Melosira granulata</i>	D	17	+	+	+	+	+	+
18	<i>Phacus pleuronectus</i>	F	16	+	-	-	-	-	-
19	<i>Navicula viridula</i>	D	16	+	-	+	-	-	-
20	<i>Phormidium autumnale</i>	B	15	-	-	+	-	-	-
21	<i>Synedra acus</i>	D	14	-	+	+	-	+	+
22	<i>Cocconeis placentula</i>	D	14	-	+	-	-	-	-
23	<i>Closterium microporum</i>	G	14	-	-	+	+	+	-
24	<i>Scenedesmus</i>	G	13	+	+	+	-	+	+

	<i>dimorphus</i>								
25	<i>Navicula cuspidata</i>	D	12	+	-	+	+	+	-
26	<i>Scenedesmus acuminatus</i>	G	12	+	+	+	-	-	-
27	<i>Pediastrum duplex</i>	G	12	-	-	+	-	+	+
28	<i>Closterium leiblenii</i>	G	11	-	+	-	-	+	+
29	<i>Oscillatoria brevis</i>	B	11	+	-	-	-	-	-
30	<i>Cladophora glomerata</i>	G	11	-	+	-	-	-	+
31	<i>Gonium pectorale</i>	G	10	+	-	-	-	-	-
32	<i>Tetradron muticum</i>	G	10	+	-	-	-	+	-

Group: F-Flagellates, D: Diatoms.B: Blue greens: G: Green

Table-3: Pollution index of Algae genera (Palmer, 1969) at six sites of Renapur City.

Sr.No.	Group/Genera	Palmer's Pollution Index Numbers			Palmer's Pollution Index Numbers		
		S-I	S-II	S-III	S-IV	S-V	S-VI
I	Chlorophyceae						
	1.Ankistrodesmus	2	2	-	2	2	-
	2.Chlorella	3	3	3	-	3	-
	3.Closterium	1	1	1	1	1	-
	4.Pandorina	1	-	-	-	-	1
	5.Scenedesmus	4	4	4	4	4	4
	6.Pediastrum	1	1	1	1	1	1
	7.Spirogyra	1	1	1	1	1	1
II	Cyanophyceae						
	8.Oscillatoria	4	4	4	4	4	4
	9.Phormidium	1	1	1	1	1	1
	10.Microcystis	-	-	1	1	1	1
	11.Lyngbya	1	1	1	1	1	1
III	Bacillariophyceae						
	12.Cyclotella	1	1	1	-	-	1
	13.Gomphonema	1	1	1	1	1	1
	14.Melosira	1	1	1	1	1	1
	15.Navicula	3	3	3	3	3	3
	16.Nitzschia	3	3	3	3	3	3
	17.Synedra	2	2	-	-	2	2
IV	Euglenophyceae						
	18.Euglena	5	5	5	5	-	-
	19.Phacus	2	2	2	2	2	2
	20.Trachelomonas	1	-	-	1	-	-
	Total Score	38	36	33	34	31	27

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